

of driving even the Sultan himself into Anatolia.

Facing the straits under the league and demilitarizing them seemed to have the unanimous approval of the conference. This would remove the French objections to control by England through its fleet, as the English fleet would in that case become the instrument of the league. This is expected to satisfy the demands in England of the labor element and the liberals who have been clamoring for the league's recognition in the present dispute.

Turkey not being a member of the league, it is a question how Kemal will receive this proposal. The fact is that today Great Britain, France and Italy showed more than ever a disposition to go to extreme lengths with Kemal in order to preserve their own solidarity and Europe's peace. France is endeavoring to have an agreement that in all negotiations the Turkish leader, branded two years ago by Balfour as a bandit and under sentence of death as imposed by the Sultan, should be treated as the utmost "gentleness," marking the change his victories have wrought since 1919.

It is now fully expected that the tomorrow's conference will end up the present negotiations among the Allies, leaving the situation then entirely focussed in Kemal, and the attitude he assumes toward the new peace advances. The optimism tonight is due both to the fact the Allies have agreed in principle and also to the fact that Kemal has made no belligerent move in the last few days, but appears to be waiting for the Allies' terms.

Italian Doubts.

PARIS, Sept. 22 (Associated Press).—Doubt was expressed in Italian circles tonight that the British Cabinet would accept any form of Turkish demands beyond a conference, with the exception of the claim to Constantinople. An invitation would therefore be sent to Kemal by the three allied Powers, worded to the effect that the Allies are ready to discuss the future of the straits on friendly terms, and each Power would dispatch a separate communication to the Ankara Government outlining their respective views regarding the Turkish claims in general.

It was reliably indicated tonight that the allied note to Kemal would request an immediate armistice meeting at Mulino in Asia Minor, fifteen miles northwest of Bursa.

It is considered that a delicate point in the negotiations between the Allies will be Thrace. It now appears, however, that it will be possible to obtain unanimity among the Powers in favor of an arrangement which will recognize the sovereignty of Turkey in the territory, with the exercise of control in the straits and the straits under a regime similar to that now operating in the Saar region of Germany; the unconditional restoration of Constantinople to Turkey and the withdrawal of the allied troops.

In conference circles it was asserted tonight that these conditions, together with the neutralization of the straits and the protection of the minorities, were in all respects comparable to the clauses of the peace treaties imposed upon other defeated Powers—Germany, Hungary and Bulgaria. It was added that it was hoped the Ankara Government would show a spirit of acquiescence in the attempt of the Allies to settle the Near East problem.

AMERICANS ORGANIZE FOR SMYRNA RELIEF

B. H. Hill Heads Body to Care for Destitute Refugees.

The American Chamber of Commerce for the Levant, 20 Broadway, has received a cablegram from Athens stating that an American relief committee has been formed there consisting of B. H. Hill, director of the American School of Archaeology, chairman; W. M. Fayor, president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Greece and representative of the Standard Oil Company of New York, treasurer; D. O. Hubbard, director of the Y. M. C. A. at Athens, executive secretary, and B. Hill, manager of the American Express Company's branch at Athens, financial adviser.

The message issues an appeal for funds to augment the inadequate relief effort instituted by the Greek Government and Greek relief organizations. The committee, according to the cablegram, will accept contributions only from Americans and American institutions. An especial appeal is made to naturalized Greeks in America.

Contributions may be sent to the treasurer of the American Chamber of Commerce for the Levant, 20 Broadway. Checks should be payable to Neal Dow Becker, treasurer.

U. S. NAMES RELIEF AGENT FOR SMYRNA

Consul at Constantinople to Supervise Aid in Near East.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22 (Associated Press).—The American relief work in Smyrna and throughout the Near East has been placed in the hands of Oscar S. Helzer, American Consul at Constantinople. He will supervise all governmental aid to the refugees in Asia Minor, and will have at his disposal the expenditure of the \$200,000 appropriated by Congress.

Relief measures in general, Admiral Helzer reports, are improving. Ovens have been rebuilt so that there is less difficulty in providing food for the destitute. Seven thousand refugees being embarked yesterday on British ships, this being the first amount on a large scale at evacuation by British vessels.

Turkish authorities, he reported, are assisting in the evacuating, though they are adhering strictly to their ruling that males between the ages of 18 and 45 cannot be released, but must be considered prisoners of war.

BOMBS AND AMBUSH IN DUBLIN STREETS

DUBLIN, Sept. 22 (Associated Press).—Republican ambushed a column of Nationalist troops at O'Connell Bridge today. Bombs were thrown, one Nationalist soldier was killed and three other soldiers and three civilians were wounded.

BELFAST, Sept. 22.—Brig.-Gen. J. Devine, reported to have been killed with the other rebels in a fight near Rigg Wednesday night, was the Republican member of the Southern Parliament for East Mayo and Sligo. He took a leading part in organizing the opposition to Arthur Griffith's meeting in Sligo last Easter Monday.

One of the dead Republicans has been identified as Brian MacNeill, second son of Prof. John MacNeill, Minister of Education in the Irish cabinet.

The battle lasted four hours and the majority of the Republicans evaded capture.

FOUND ANYTHING?

It is so, if it is advised in the East and found guilty of today's New York Herald.

GREECE READY TO FIGHT FOR THRACE

Has 150,000 Men Available and Will Never Permit Turkish Invasion.

DEFEND CIVILIZATION

Athens to Call Assembly and Send More Troops to Adrianople.

SHORT OF AMMUNITION

Hopes Friends Will Aid and English Fleet Will Prove Bar to Invasion.

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CONGRESSMEN GO TO ROUN ON ANY HARDY ISSUE

Continued from First Page.

dominant standpoint element. They believe that in contests in the North between Republican standpaters and Democratic reactionaries the Republicans will win.

In comparing and balancing rival estimates Massachusetts looks safe for the Republicans and Henry Cabot Lodge—although there is little question that the Democrats will pick up two or three members of Congress in that State on their wet stand. Col. Gaston, the Democratic opponent of Mr. Lodge will have to fight against internal dissensions of local inspiration as well as Republican national advantage.

Col. Gaston may win through some eccentricity of popular will, but his chances do not now appear to be promising.

The Democrats fully expected to carry Connecticut a couple of months ago. Since then they have loaded their ticket with reactionaries. The assertion of racial and religious privileges due to machine control now make it probable that Senator McLean and Mr. Templeton will be elected Senator and Governor, respectively. The same can be said of Rhode Island, where superior Republican organization plus much more formidable financial conditions probably will give Mr. Beebeeman the best of the argument with Democratic Senator Gerry.

New York's Split.

Republican and Democratic national leaders agree that William F. Hearst is the joker in the New York Democratic situation. His ambition to succeed Gov. Miller, who will be renominated, has split the Democratic party wide open and is likely to cause a great deal of trouble.

While they do not believe Mr. Hearst will be nominated, the Republicans hope and the Democrats fear his election will precipitate a factional row that will insure the reelection of Senator Calder and Gov. Miller and at least twenty-five of the forty-three representatives of their party in the lower house.

The New York delegation now stands thirty-four Republicans and nine Democrats. The Republican leaders concede that the Democrats probably will win from six to ten seats on the wet issue.

In New Jersey the Democrats appear to be in much better shape than the Republicans, though "normal influences" are expected finally to even up things. Senator Frelinghuysen probably will be renominated next week over former Gov. Record, an old time Progressive. Gov. Edwards, the Democratic candidate, is without opposition for the nomination.

The Jersey cities are much more interested in the wet and dry issue than in any contention. Mr. Edwards, in fact, seemed to have a better chance of winning on the wet and dry issue than any major candidate in the country, as

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WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22.—Congress adjourned sine die at 2 P. M. today after clearing the calendar of all important measures except the Liberian loan and the Dyer anti-lynching bills.

To make adjournment possible President Harding went to the Capitol a few minutes before 2 o'clock and signed six measures which had just been passed, the most important of which was the deficiency bill.

This, the second session of the Sixty-seventh Congress, had been in continuous session since December 5, 1921. Of the 300 laws passed the most outstanding was the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill, which went into effect today. During the consideration of this measure there were 222 roll calls in the Senate.

The most signal accomplishment of the Congress, in the opinion of Administration leaders, was the defeat of the McCumber bonus bill, providing a raid of \$5,000,000 on the Treasury for ex-service men.

Other Legislation.

This Congress also:

- Passed a large appropriation (or supply) bill carrying total appropriation of \$3,751,917,525.
- Made effective the work of the Arms Conference by ratifying the various treaties growing out of it.
- Enacted legislation to carry out the provisions of the naval treaty for the scrapping of certain naval vessels.
- In the army appropriation bill provided for reduction of the number of officers to meet the decreased army of 125,000 men.
- Provided for twenty-three additional District Judges and one additional Circuit Judge, three of whom are assigned to New York.
- Enacted a river and harbor bill carrying authorizations amounting to \$45,000,000.

To meet the crisis created by the coal strike passed two laws, an act providing for a Federal Fuel Distributor to be appointed by the President and an act creating a "fact finding commission" of seven members.

Extended for one year the life of the War Finance Corporation.

- Enacted a law to regulate transactions in grain future exchange.
- Appropriated \$500,000 to enable the Attorney-General to prosecute war frauds.
- At the request of the Attorney-General, enacted two laws necessary in the prosecution of war fraud cases.
- Passed an act removing the limitation as to the distance a witness could be subpoenaed (the old law placed a limitation of a hundred miles).
- Created a world war foreign debt commission of five members to refund or convert and extend the time of payment of the principal and interest of foreign obligations.
- Provided for the appointment of an agriculture representative on the Federal Reserve Board.
- Appropriated \$17,000,000 to enable the Director of the United States Veterans Bureau to provide for construction of additional hospitals.
- Amended the act prohibiting the importation of opium, and created a Federal narcotic control board.
- Extended for a period of two years the immigration limitation of 3 per cent.
- Provided a law to protect the citizen ship rights of American women who marry foreigners.
- Appropriated \$111,000 for purchase of land for cemeteries for American military dead in Europe.
- Increased the pensions of the widows and other dependents of soldiers who participated in the Chinese Boxer rebellion, the Spanish war and the Philippine insurrection.
- Provided for the monthly payment of pensions.
- Passed first deficiency bill for 1923, containing appropriation of \$200,000 for relief of Americans at Smyrna and \$180,000 for mixed commission to adjust claims of Americans against Germany.

REVISED TARIFF HANDS CITRUS DEALER A LEMON

Fruit Men Pay First Duty Under New Law.

A great slump in receipts for duties at the Custom House was reported yesterday, only \$365,214.01 being taken in. The first man to pay duty under the new tariff law turned in to the Collector Black \$48 for 2,400 pounds of Italian lemons, which would have cost him only \$12 if they had arrived a day earlier. The next two importers paid duty respectively \$123,000 worth of peaches and diamonds valued at \$5,600 at the old rates, the new duty not affecting this jewelry.

It was said at the Custom House that the cargoes of the French liner Franco and the Holland-American liner Rotterdam will have to pay the new rates. Certain importers talked of an appeal to Washington for permission to enter the goods aboard these ships under the old tariff. Both ships reached quarantine after midnight Thursday.

SIGNS EQUAL CITIZENSHIP BILL

Harding Approves Measure Extending Women's Rights.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Cable bill, designed to equalize naturalization and citizenship rights of women with those of men, was approved today by President Harding. Under its provisions a foreign woman will no longer lose her citizenship on marriage to an alien and an alien woman will be required to qualify for naturalization independent of her husband.

HARDING NAMES MORRIS AS MIXED CLAIMS AGENT

New York Lawyer to Represent U. S. Before Board.

Robert C. Morris of the law firm of Morris, Plant & Saxe, 27 Pine street, received a telegram yesterday from Washington notifying him that he has been designated by President Harding to represent the United States as agent before the Mixed Claims Commission, the United States and Germany to adjudicate nearly \$300,000,000 of war claims against Germany.

The claims include those for loss of life in the Lusitania and other submarine disasters and for the destruction of American vessels and cargoes owned by the United States.

Mr. Morris is a graduate of Yale, is a lecturer on international arbitration and was representative of the United States before the Venezuelan claims commission.

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